



FINANCIAL REVIEW

First Quarter Ended March 31, 2015



(An Exploration Stage Company)

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED MARCH 31, 2015

(Unaudited – Prepared by Management)

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

**NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF
CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

In accordance with National Instrument 51-102 of the Canadian Securities Administrators, the Company discloses that its external auditors have not reviewed the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2015. These financial statements have been prepared by management and approved by the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors of the Company.

RADIUS GOLD INC.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION (UNAUDITED)

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

As at:	March 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 5)	\$ 1,540,630	\$ 1,238,372
Available-for-sale investments (Note 6)	5,988,550	5,561,555
Advances and other receivables	55,516	867,837
Taxes receivable	12,351	10,881
Due from related parties (Note 12)	387,938	-
Prepaid expenses and deposits	43,459	72,277
Total current assets	8,028,444	7,750,922
Non-current assets		
Long-term deposits (Note 12)	143,464	143,464
Property and equipment (Note 7)	104,994	114,271
Exploration and evaluation assets (Note 9)	555,190	563,391
Investment in associates (Note 8)	417,001	473,001
Total non-current assets	1,220,649	1,294,127
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 9,249,093	\$ 9,045,049
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 12)	\$ 154,038	\$ 121,590
Total liabilities	154,038	121,590
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital (Note 10)	56,592,613	56,592,613
Other equity reserve	6,636,658	6,636,658
Deficit	(54,310,583)	(54,506,920)
Accumulated other comprehensive income	176,367	201,108
Total shareholders' equity	9,095,055	8,923,459
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 9,249,093	\$ 9,045,049

APPROVED ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND AUTHORIZED FOR ISSUE ON MAY 28, 2015 BY:

"Simon Ridgway", Director
Simon Ridgway

"William Katzin", Director
William Katzin

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements

RADIUS GOLD INC.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED)

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2015	2014
EXPLORATION EXPENDITURES	\$ 127,235	\$ 98,547
GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES		
Amortization	9,277	10,133
Legal and audit fees	54,798	-
Management fees (Note 12)	25,500	25,500
Office and miscellaneous (Note 12)	53,260	62,747
Property investigations (Note 12)	19,657	67,374
Public relations (Note 12)	12,399	2,204
Salaries and benefits (Note 12)	42,442	19,764
Transfer agent and regulatory fees (Note 12)	18,142	8,415
Travel and accommodation (Note 12)	12,440	11,797
	247,915	207,934
Loss before other income (expenses)	(375,150)	(306,481)
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES)		
Share of post-tax losses of associates (Note 8)	(56,000)	-
Foreign currency exchange gain	7,228	4,149
Gain on loan conversion (Note 9)	180,000	-
Gain on sale of available-for-sale investments	-	1,289,708
Impairment on available-for-sale investments	(28,264)	-
Gain from mineral property option agreements (Note 9)	60,661	-
Investment income	16,829	3,918
Recovery of receivable (Note 9)	423,055	-
Write off of exploration and evaluation costs (Note 9)	(32,022)	-
Net income for the period	\$ 196,337	\$ 991,294
Other comprehensive income		
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:		
Fair value gains (losses) on available-for-sale investments (Note 6)	(24,741)	2,365,014
Total comprehensive income	\$ 171,596	\$ 3,356,308
Basic and diluted earnings per share	\$0.00	\$0.01
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding	86,675,617	86,675,617

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements

RADIUS GOLD INC.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (UNAUDITED)

For the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Number of common shares	Share capital	Other equity reserve	Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	Deficit	Total
Balance, December 31, 2013	86,675,617	\$ 56,592,613	\$ 6,636,658	\$ 1,124,511	\$ (53,137,013)	\$ 11,216,769
Income for the period	-	-	-	-	991,294	991,294
Available-for-sale investments	-	-	-	2,365,014	-	2,365,014
Balance, March 31, 2014	86,675,617	56,592,613	6,636,658	3,489,525	(52,145,719)	14,573,077
Loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(2,361,201)	(2,361,201)
Available-for-sale investments	-	-	-	(3,288,417)	-	(3,288,417)
Balance, December 31, 2014	86,675,617	56,592,613	6,636,658	201,108	(54,506,920)	8,923,459
Income for the period	-	-	-	-	196,337	196,337
Available-for-sale investments	-	-	-	(24,741)	-	(24,741)
Balance, March 31, 2015	86,675,617	\$ 56,592,613	\$ 6,636,658	\$ 176,367	\$ (54,310,583)	\$ 9,095,055

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements

RADIUS GOLD INC.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2015	2014
Cash provided by (used in):		
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income for the period	\$ 196,337	\$ 991,294
Items not involving cash:		
Amortization	9,277	10,133
Gain from mineral property option agreements	(60,661)	-
Recovery of receivable	(423,055)	-
Write off of exploration and evaluation costs	32,022	-
Impairment of available-for-sale investments	28,264	-
Gain on loan conversion	(180,000)	-
Share of post-tax losses of associates	56,000	-
	(341,816)	(288,281)
Changes in non-cash working capital items:		
Advances and other receivables	512,321	1,330
Taxes receivable	(1,470)	(767)
Prepaid expenses and deposits	28,818	23,365
Due from related parties	(387,938)	28,177
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	32,448	8,341
Cash used in operating activities	(157,637)	(227,835)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Recovery of receivable	423,055	-
Purchase of marketable securities and investments	-	(450,000)
Expenditures on exploration and evaluation asset acquisition costs	(23,821)	-
Proceeds from mineral property option agreements	60,661	-
Proceeds from sale of available-for-sale investments	-	3,350,858
Cash provided by investing activities	459,895	2,900,858
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	302,258	2,673,023
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	1,238,372	1,560,788
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 1,540,630	\$ 4,233,811

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements

Radius Gold Inc.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the three months ended March 31, 2015

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Radius Gold Inc. (the “Company”) was formed by the amalgamation of Radius Explorations Ltd. and PilaGold Inc. effective on July 1, 2004.

The Company is a public company incorporated and domiciled in British Columbia, Canada and is engaged in acquisition and exploration of mineral properties, and investment in companies which hold mineral property interests. The address of the Company’s head office is 650 – 200 Burrard Street, Vancouver, BC, Canada V6C 3L6.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

Statement of Compliance

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard (“IAS”) 34 Interim Financial Reporting under International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”). These condensed interim consolidated financial statements follow the same accounting policies and methods of application as the most recent annual financial statements of the Company. These condensed interim consolidated financial statements do not contain all of the information required for full annual financial statements. Accordingly, these condensed interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company’s most recent annual financial statements, which were prepared in accordance with IFRS as issued by the IASB.

Basis of Measurement

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis as modified by any revaluation of available for sale financial assets.

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars (“CDN”), which is also the Company’s functional currency.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with IFRS requires management to make certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company’s accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment of complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note 4.

Nature of Operations

These financial statements have been presented on the basis that the Company will continue as a going concern, which contemplates the realization of assets and the satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business.

Basis of Consolidation

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries. A wholly owned subsidiary is an entity in which the Company has control, directly or indirectly, where control is defined as the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an enterprise so as to obtain benefits from its activities. All material intercompany transactions and balances have been eliminated on consolidation. Subsidiaries are deconsolidated from the date control ceases.

Details of the Company’s principal subsidiaries at March 31, 2015 are as follows:

Name	Place of Incorporation	Interest %	Principal Activity
Minerales Sierra Pacifico S.A.	Guatemala	100%	Exploration company
Radius Gold (U.S.) Inc.	Nevada, USA	100%	Exploration company
Geometales Del Norte-Geonorte	Mexico	100%	Exploration company
Radius (Cayman) Inc.	Cayman Islands	100%	Holding company

Radius Gold Inc.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the three months ended March 31, 2015

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

3. STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS AND INTERPRETATIONS NOT YET EFFECTIVE

The following new standard has been issued by the IASB but is not yet effective:

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

IFRS 9 is part of the IASB's wider project to replace IAS 39 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement*. IFRS 9 retains but simplifies the mixed measurement model and establishes two primary measurement categories for financial assets: amortized cost and fair value. The basis of classification depends on the entity's business model and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset. In response to delays to the completion of the remaining phases of the project, the IASB issued amendments to IFRS 9 and has indefinitely postponed the adoption of this standard. The amendments also provided relief from the requirement to restate comparative financial statements for the effects of applying IFRS 9. IFRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. The Company is in the process of evaluating the impact of the new standard.

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

The Company makes estimates and assumptions about the future that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. In the future, actual experience may differ from these estimates and assumptions.

The effect of a change in an accounting estimate is recognized prospectively by including it in comprehensive income in the period of the change, if the change affects that period only, or in the period of the change and future periods, if the change affects both.

The key areas of judgment applied in the preparation of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements that could result in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities are as follows:

- a) Where the Company holds the largest shareholding in an investment and has the power to exercise significant influence through common officers and board members, such an investment is treated as an associate. The Company may be able to exercise significant influence over Rackla Metals Inc. ("Rackla") and Medgold Resources Corp ("Medgold");
- b) The determination of when an investment is impaired requires significant judgment. In making this judgment, the Company evaluates, amongst other things, the duration and extent to which the fair value of the investment is less than its original cost at each reporting period;
- c) Although the Company has taken steps to verify title to mineral properties in which it has an interest, these procedures do not guarantee the Company's title. Such properties may be subject to prior agreements or transfers and title may be affected by undetected defects; and
- d) The application of the Company's accounting policy for exploration and evaluation expenditure requires judgment in determining whether it is likely that future economic benefits will flow to the Company.

If, after exploration and evaluation expenditure is capitalized, information becomes available suggesting that the carrying amount of an exploration and evaluation asset may exceed its recoverable amount, the Company carries out an impairment test at the cash generating unit or group of cash generating units level in the year the new information becomes available.

Radius Gold Inc.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the three months ended March 31, 2015

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS – (cont'd)

The key estimate applied in the preparation of the condensed interim consolidated financial statements that could result in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities are as follows:

- a) The Company is subject to income tax in several jurisdictions and significant judgment is required in determining the provision for income taxes. During the ordinary course of business, there are transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain. As a result, the company recognizes tax liabilities based on estimates of whether additional taxes and interest will be due. These tax liabilities are recognized when, despite the company's belief that its tax return positions are supportable, the company believes that certain positions are likely to be challenged and may not be fully sustained upon review by tax authorities. The company believes that its accruals for tax liabilities are adequate for all open audit years based on its assessment of many factors including past experience and interpretations of tax law. This assessment relies on estimates and assumptions and may involve a series of complex judgments about future events. To the extent that the final tax outcome of these matters is different than the amounts recorded, such differences will impact income tax expense in the period in which such determination is made.

5. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments rather than for investment or other purposes. The Company does not hold any deposits with maturities of greater than three months from the date of acquisition. Cash at banks and on hand earns interest at floating rates based on daily bank deposit rates.

Radius Gold Inc.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the three months ended March 31, 2015

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

6. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS

Available-for-sale investments are recorded at fair value. As of March 31, 2015, available-for-sale investments consisted of 2,826,394 (December 31, 2014: 2,826,394) common shares of B2Gold Corp. ("B2Gold"), 1,007,406 (December 31, 2014: 1,007,406) common shares of Focus Ventures Ltd. ("Focus"), and 6,000,000 (December 31, 2014: Nil) common shares of Southern Silver Exploration Corp. ("Southern Silver"), all of which are public companies.

During the period ended March 31, 2015, the Company received 6,000,000 common shares of Southern Silver with a fair value of \$480,000, of which \$300,000 satisfied part of a loan repaid by Southern Silver and \$180,000 was recorded as a fair value gain (Note 9).

During the year ended December 31, 2014, the Company entered into a strategic alliance agreement with Medgold whereby the Company has the right to option one of Medgold's properties in Portugal. As part of this strategic alliance, the Company acquired 5,000,000 common shares and 5,000,000 share purchase warrants in Medgold by way of a private placement at a cost of \$500,000, with such instruments being classified as available-for-sale investments upon initial recognition. Each Medgold warrant entitles the Company to purchase an additional common share exercisable for two years at a price of \$0.15. The Medgold share purchase warrants are not tradable on an exchange. During the year ended December 31, 2014, the Company determined that the decline in value of Medgold shares was significant and, accordingly, recorded an impairment of \$300,000. Also during the year ended December 31, 2014, the exercise price for 3,000,000 of the Medgold warrants was reduced from \$0.15 to \$0.11 per share, for the one tranche, and the Company exercised the 3,000,000 warrants at a cost of \$330,000. As a result of the Company's holding in Medgold increasing from 14.4% to 19.1% upon the exercise of these warrants on November 4, 2014, the Company may be able to exercise significant influence over Medgold and the investment in Medgold has been reclassified as an investment in associate (Note 8).

The Company originally received 4,815,894 B2Gold shares on August 10, 2012, pursuant to the disposal of a mineral property. The Company is entitled to sell a maximum of 10% of the original number of B2Gold shares within any 30-day period without encumbrance. If the Company wishes to exceed this limitation, there may be a delay of up to 15 days before the selling of the shares can be completed. During the year ended December 31, 2014, the Company sold 1,057,000 B2Gold shares for proceeds of \$3,350,858 and recorded a gain on sale of available-for-sale investments of \$1,289,708. During the period ended March 31, 2015, an impairment charge of \$28,264 (year ended December 31, 2014: \$141,320) was charged against the B2Gold shares due the fair value of the shares being less than the adjusted cost base as of March 31, 2015. Subsequent to February 28, 2015, the Company sold 126,394 additional B2Gold shares for gross proceeds of approximately \$257,000.

As at March 31, 2015, the fair value based on quoted market prices of the available-for-sale investments was \$5,988,550 (December 31, 2014: \$5,561,555). An unrealized loss of \$24,741 was recorded in other comprehensive income during the three month period ended March 31, 2015 (2014: unrealized gain of \$2,365,014). An unrealized loss of \$60,000 for the current period related to Southern Silver shares and an unrealized gain of \$35,259 related to Focus shares.

The fair value of quoted securities is based on published market prices.

Radius Gold Inc.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the three months ended March 31, 2015

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

6. AVAILABLE-FOR-SALE INVESTMENTS – (cont'd)

	B2Gold	Focus	Southern Silver	Medgold⁽¹⁾	Total
Balance, December 31, 2013	\$ 8,465,799	\$ 221,629	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,687,428
Acquisition of shares	-	-	-	500,000	500,000
Disposition of shares	(2,061,150)	-	-	-	(2,061,150)
Impairment adjustment	(141,320)	-	-	(300,000)	(441,320)
Reclassification as investment in associate (Note 8)	-	-	-	(200,000)	(200,000)
Net change in fair value recorded in other comprehensive income	(893,181)	(30,222)	-	-	(923,403)
Balance, December 31, 2014	5,370,148	191,407	-	-	5,561,555
Acquisition of shares	-	-	480,000	-	480,000
Impairment adjustment	(28,264)	-	-	-	(28,264)
Net change in fair value recorded in other comprehensive income	-	35,259	(60,000)	-	(24,741)
Balance, March 31, 2015	\$ 5,341,884	\$ 226,666	\$ 420,000	\$ -	\$ 5,988,550

- (1) The Company holds 8,000,000 free trading common shares of Medgold with a fair value of \$760,000 as of March 31, 2015 but the investment was reclassified from an available-for-sale investment to an investment in associate during the year ended December 31, 2014 (Note 8).

The Company also holds 9,866,376 free trading common shares of Rackla with a fair value of \$147,996 as of March 31, 2015 (December 31, 2014: \$147,996) but they are recorded as an investment in associate (Note 8).

Radius Gold Inc.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the three months ended March 31, 2015

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

7. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

	Leasehold improvements	Trucks	Computer equipment	Furniture and equipment	Geophysical equipment	Field equipment	Total
Cost							
Balance, December 31, 2013	\$ 59,004	\$ 215,638	\$ 249,319	\$ 62,656	\$ 83,594	\$ 2,480	\$ 672,691
Additions	3,758	-	2,749	-	-	-	6,507
Balance, December 31, 2014	62,762	215,638	252,068	62,656	83,594	2,480	679,198
Additions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance, March 31, 2015	\$ 62,762	\$ 215,638	\$ 252,068	\$ 62,656	\$ 83,594	\$ 2,480	\$ 679,198
Accumulated amortization							
Balance, December 31, 2013	\$ 30,767	\$ 185,582	\$ 206,704	\$ 36,675	\$ 58,104	\$ 1,757	\$ 519,589
Charge for period	5,300	10,655	15,674	8,394	5,098	217	45,338
Balance, December 31, 2014	36,067	196,237	222,378	45,069	63,202	1,974	564,927
Charge for period	1,575	3,018	2,901	725	1,020	38	9,277
Balance, March 31, 2015	\$ 37,642	\$ 199,255	\$ 225,279	\$ 45,794	\$ 64,222	\$ 2,012	\$ 574,204
Carrying amounts							
At December 31, 2014	\$ 26,695	\$ 19,401	\$ 29,690	\$ 17,587	\$ 20,392	\$ 506	\$ 114,271
At March 31, 2015	\$ 25,120	\$ 16,383	\$ 26,789	\$ 16,862	\$ 19,372	\$ 468	\$ 104,994

Radius Gold Inc.

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NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the three months ended March 31, 2015

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

8. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATES

Medgold

As at March 31, 2015, the Company held 8,000,000 (December 31, 2014: 8,000,000) common shares of Medgold, representing 19.1% of Medgold's outstanding common shares. On November 4, 2014, the Company acquired 3,000,000 common shares of Medgold by way of exercising 3,000,000 share purchase warrants at a cost of \$330,000, bringing the Company's total holdings in Medgold to 8,000,000 common shares, representing an increase from 14.4% to 19.1% of Medgold's outstanding common shares. Upon this transaction, Medgold met the definition of an associate and therefore reclassified its holdings in Medgold from an available-for-sale investment to investment in associate and has been equity accounted for in the condensed interim consolidated financial statements. During the period ended March 31, 2015, the Company's total holdings of Medgold decreased from 19.1% to 17.2% as result of an increase in the issued capital of Medgold. As at March 31, 2015, the Company held 2,000,000 (December 31, 2014: 2,000,000) share purchase warrants of Medgold to purchase common shares of Medgold. Each Medgold warrant entitles the Company to purchase an additional common share exercisable for two years at a price of \$0.15. The Medgold share purchase warrants are not tradable on an exchange.

The following table shows the continuity of the Company's interest in Medgold for the period from November 4, 2014 to March 31, 2015:

Available-for-sale investment reclassified as investment in associate on November 4, 2014	\$	200,000
Increase in investment		330,000
Less: share of losses in associate		(57,000)
Balance, December 31, 2014		473,000
Less: share of losses in associate		(56,000)
Balance, March 31, 2015	\$	417,000

The financial statement balances of Medgold are as follows:

	March 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Total current assets	\$ 751,820	\$ 543,200
Total assets	1,533,056	1,407,082
Total current liabilities	490,984	561,853
Total liabilities	709,895	766,309
Net loss	324,399	2,048,113

At March 31, 2015, the fair value of the 8,000,000 common shares of Medgold was \$760,000 (December 31, 2014: \$560,000).

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NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the three months ended March 31, 2015

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

8. INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATES – (cont'd)

Rackla

As at March 31, 2015, the Company held 9,866,376 (December 31, 2014: 9,866,376) common shares of Rackla, representing 19.5% of Rackla's outstanding common shares.

Rackla meets the definition of an associate and has been equity accounted for in the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

The Company's carrying value in Rackla as at March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 was a nominal amount of \$1. Since the Company's share of losses in Rackla exceeded its interest during the year ended December 31, 2013, the Company has discontinued recognizing its share of further losses. The cumulative unrecognized share of losses for the associate is \$574,582.

The financial statement balances of Rackla are as follows:

	March 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Total current assets	\$ 56,190	\$ 59,064
Total assets	205,558	209,044
Total liabilities	139,973	102,550
Net loss	38,659	1,081,000

At March 31, 2015, the fair value of the 9,866,376 common shares of Rackla was \$147,996 (December 31, 2014: \$147,996).

9. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS

Acquisition costs	Guatemala	Mexico	United States	Total
Balance, December 31, 2013	\$ 531,369	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 531,369
Additions	-	-	118,775	118,775
Write-off acquisition costs	-	-	(86,753)	(86,753)
Balance, December 31, 2014	531,369	-	32,022	563,391
Additions	-	23,821	-	23,821
Write-off acquisition costs	-	-	(32,022)	(32,022)
Balance, March 31, 2015	\$ 531,369	\$ 23,821	\$ -	\$ 555,190

Title to mineral properties involves certain inherent risks due to the difficulties of determining the validity of certain claims as well as the potential for problems arising from the frequently ambiguous conveyancing history, characteristic of many mineral properties. The Company has investigated title to all of its mineral properties and, to the best of its knowledge, title to all of its properties are in good standing.

Details of the Company's mineral property interests are disclosed in full in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014. Significant exploration and evaluation asset transactions that have occurred since December 31, 2014 are as follows:

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NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

For the three months ended March 31, 2015

(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

9. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS – (cont'd)

Mexico

i) Margarita Silver Project

In March 2015, the Company acquired an option to earn a 100% interest in the Margarita Silver Project located in the State of Chihuahua, Mexico. The Project consists of two mining exploration licenses comprising a total of 125 hectares. The Company can earn the 100% interest in the project by making cash payments to the property owners, two private Mexico corporations, totalling US\$3,000,000 over a period of five years following issuance of a drill permit for the Project, of which a cash payment of \$23,821 (US\$20,000) was made upon execution of the agreement. If the option is exercised by the Company, the property owners will be entitled to a 0.5% NSR royalty. The Company may re-purchase the royalty at any time for US\$500,000.

ii) Cerro Las Minitas Property / Loan to Southern Silver

In November 2014, the Company loaned \$800,000 to Southern Silver in order to fund Southern Silver's final option payment to acquire the Cerro Las Minitas mineral claims in Mexico. In consideration of the loan, Southern Silver granted to the Company an exclusive option for 120 days to settle the terms of a business arrangement for the Company to acquire either a direct or indirect interest in the Cerro Las Minitas claims, whereby the Company would participate in the continued exploration and development of the property. Security for the loan consisted of an option to earn a 100% interest in the Cerro Las Minitas claims.

At the election of the Company, the loan could be converted into common shares of Southern Silver at a rate of \$0.05 per share. The loan was repayable on demand, provided that the Company shall not demand payment for a period of one year. Interest was payable annually at 8% per annum, and the Company was restricted from holding more than 19.9% of the then issued and outstanding shares of Southern Silver if opting to receive shares of Southern Silver as repayment, unless approval of the shareholders of Southern Silver was obtained.

During the period ended March 31, 2015, the Company decided to not pursue obtaining an interest in the Cerro Las Minitas claims and on March 17, 2015 the Company elected to have \$300,000 of the loan converted to 6,000,000 common shares of Southern Silver, and the remaining loan principal balance of \$500,000 plus \$21,742 in interest was paid to the Company in full satisfaction of the repayment of the loan. On conversion of the loan, a fair value gain of \$180,000 was recognized on the Southern Silver shares held.

iii) Tlacolula Property

The Company owns a 100% interest in the Tlacolula Property which consists of one granted exploration concession covering 12,642 hectares.

By an agreement signed in September 2009 and subsequently amended in December 2012 and then again on November 10, 2014, the Company granted to Fortuna the option to earn a 60% interest in the Tlacolula Property by spending US\$2 million on exploration of the Property and making staged payments totaling US\$300,000 cash (US\$200,000 received) and US\$250,000 (US\$150,000 received) in common stock no later than January 31, 2017. During the period ended March 31, 2015, the Company received US\$50,000 in cash from Fortuna pursuant to the November 10, 2014 amending agreement.

The Company and Fortuna have two common directors.

Radius Gold Inc.

(An Exploration Stage Company)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

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(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

9. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION ASSETS – (cont'd)

Guatemala

i) Tambor Project

In August 2012, the Company sold its interest in its subsidiary, Exploraciones Mineras de Guatemala S.A., which holds the Tambor gold project, to KCA, giving KCA a 100% interest in the project. As consideration, KCA agreed to repay approximately US\$400,000 owing to the Company (US\$100,000 paid upon signing and approximately US\$300,000 to be paid once KCA has commenced shipment of gold produced from the property). Also upon commercial production, KCA agreed to make quarterly payments to the Company based on the then price of gold and the number of ounces produced from the property.

In 2012 and 2013, due to the uncertainty of receiving future production payments from KCA, the Company wrote-off receivable balances totaling \$440,505 and had not recognized a contingent gain on potential royalty payments. During the period ended March 31, 2015, as a result of commercial production having commenced in late 2014, KCA paid to the Company US\$341,063 as settlement for the outstanding receivable balance and a recovery of \$423,055 was recognized. Future royalty payments from KCA will be recorded as revenue at such time as they can be measured reliably.

Idaho - USA

i) Blue Hill Gold Property

In 2014, the Company entered into an agreement with Otis Gold Corp (“Otis”) for the right to acquire a 70% interest in the Blue Hill Gold Property, subject to a 2.5% net smelter return royalty, which consists of 36 federal lode mining claims located on federal land comprising 295 hectares and one Idaho State lease comprising 33 hectares in the Cassia County, Idaho. The option could be exercised by making cash payments to Otis totaling US\$525,000 (US\$30,000 paid) and incurring exploration expenditures on the property totaling US\$5,000,000, over a period of four years. Subsequent to March 31, 2015, the Company decided to terminate the agreement and acquisition costs totaling \$32,022 were written off during the period ended March 31, 2015.

ii) Mineral Property

In 2014, the Company entered into an agreement with Merrill Palmer to lease a 100% interest in the Mineral Property which consists of a series of federal mining claims in the Mineral Mining District, Washington County, Idaho. The lease of 100% of the Mineral Property (subject to a 3.0% net smelter return royalty) was for up to 99 years which the Company could keep in good standing by making annual advance royalty payments to Mr. Palmer of US\$50,000 for the first year (paid) and increasing US\$10,000 each subsequent year, for a total of US\$1,100,000 over the first ten years. Also during 2014, the Company staked an additional 47 claims at a cost of \$32,174, which claims were registered in the name of Mr. Palmer and added as part of the Mineral Property. During the period ended March 31, 2015, the Company decided to terminate the lease, and relinquished all rights to the leased and staked claims. As at December 31, 2014, all acquisition costs totaling \$86,753 were written off.

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NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

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10. SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES

a) Common Shares

The Company is authorized to issue an unlimited number of common shares without par value.

There was no share capital activity during the three month periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014.

b) Share Purchase Warrants

There was no share purchase warrant activity during the three month periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 and as at March 31, 2015, no share purchase warrants were outstanding.

c) Nature and Purpose of Equity and Reserves

The reserves recorded in equity on the Company's balance sheet include 'Other equity reserve', 'Deficit' and 'Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss/Income'.

Other equity reserve is used to recognize the value of stock option grants and share purchase warrants prior to exercise. The value of stock option and share purchase warrants that are forfeited or expire unexercised is not removed from other equity reserve.

Deficit is used to record the Company's change in deficit from earnings from period to period.

Accumulated other comprehensive loss/income comprises an available-for-sale reserve. This reserve is used to recognize fair value changes on available-for-sale investments.

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(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

11. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS

a) Option Plan Details

The Company has a formal stock option plan in accordance with the policies of the TSX Venture Exchange (“TSX-V”) under which it is authorized to grant options up to 10% of its outstanding shares to officers, directors, employees and consultants. The exercise price of each option is not less than the closing market price of the Company’s stock on the trading day prior to the date of grant. Options granted to investor relations personnel vest in accordance with TSX-V regulation. The options are for a maximum term of ten years.

The following is a summary of changes in options for the three month period ended March 31, 2015:

Grant date	Expiry date	Exercise price	Opening balance	During the period			Closing balance	Vested and exercisable
				Granted	Exercised	Forfeited / expired		
Jan 08, 2010	Jan 07, 2020	\$0.29	1,570,000	-	-	-	1,570,000	1,570,000
May 26, 2010	May 25, 2020	\$0.36	100,000	-	-	-	100,000	100,000
Sep 24, 2010	Sep 23, 2020	\$0.69	820,000	-	-	-	820,000	820,000
Jul 27, 2011	Jul 26, 2021	\$0.81	150,000	-	-	-	150,000	150,000
Dec 13, 2012	Dec 12, 2022	\$0.20	2,135,000	-	-	-	2,135,000	2,135,000
			4,775,000	-	-	-	4,775,000	4,775,000
		Weighted average exercise price	\$0.34	-	-	-	\$0.34	\$0.34

b) Fair Value of Options Issued During the Period

There were no options granted during the period ended March 31, 2015.

The weighted average remaining contractual life of the options outstanding at March 31, 2015 is 6.27 years.

Options Issued to Employees

The fair value at grant date is determined using a Black-Scholes option pricing model that takes into account the exercise price, the term of the option, the impact of dilution, the share price at grant date, the expected price volatility of the underlying share, the expected dividend yield and the risk free interest rate for the term of the option.

Options Issued to Non-Employees

Options issued to non-employees are measured based on the fair value of the goods or services received, at the date of receiving those goods or services. If the fair value of the goods or services received cannot be estimated reliably, the options are measured by determining the fair value of the options granted using the Black-Scholes option pricing model.

The expected volatility is based on the historical volatility (based on the remaining life of the options), adjusted for any expected changes to future volatility due to publicly available information. The risk free rate of return is the yield on a zero-coupon Canadian Treasury Bill of a term consistent with the assumed option life. The expected average option term is the average expected period to exercise, based on the historical activity patterns for each individually vesting tranche.

Option pricing models require the input of highly subjective assumptions, including the expected price volatility. Changes in these assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate and, therefore, the existing models do not necessarily provide a reliable single measure of the fair value of the Company’s stock options.

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11. SHARE-BASED PAYMENTS – (cont'd)

c) Expenses Arising from Share-based Payment Transactions

There were no expenses arising from share-based payment transactions recognized during the three month periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 as part of share-based compensation expense.

As of March 31, 2015 there was no amount (December 31, 2014: \$Nil) of total unrecognized compensation cost related to unvested share-based compensation awards.

d) Amounts Capitalized Arising from Share-based Payment Transactions

There were no expenses arising from the share-based payment transactions that were capitalized during the three month periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 as part of exploration and evaluation asset acquisition costs.

12. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company had transactions during the three month periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 with related parties who consisted of directors, officers and the following companies with common directors:

<u>Related party</u>	<u>Nature of transactions</u>
Mill Street Services Ltd. ("Mill Street")	Management fees
Gold Group Management Inc. ("Gold Group")	Shared general and administrative expenses
Rackla (Associate)	Shared general and administrative expenses
Fortuna	Shared general and administrative expenses
Focus	Shared general and administrative expenses
Medgold (Associate)	Shared general and administrative expenses

In addition to related party transactions disclosed elsewhere in the condensed interim consolidated financial statements, the Company incurred the following expenditures charged by non-key management officers and companies which have common directors with the Company in the periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014:

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2015	2014
Expenses:		
Salaries and benefits	\$ 7,253	\$ 1,360
Mineral property costs:		
Salaries and benefits	-	1,633
	\$ 7,253	\$ 2,993

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12. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS – (cont'd)

The Company reimburses Gold Group, a company controlled by the Chief Executive Officer of the Company, for shared administrative costs and other business related expenses paid by Gold Group on behalf of the Company. During the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company reimbursed Gold Group the following:

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2015	2014
General and administrative expenses:		
Office and miscellaneous	\$ 7,919	\$ 8,954
Public relations	774	660
Property investigations	1,587	-
Salaries and benefits	32,979	17,281
Transfer agent and regulatory fees	-	1,500
Travel and accommodation	7,760	6,043
	<u>\$ 51,019</u>	<u>\$ 34,438</u>

Salary and benefits costs for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 include those for the Chief Financial Officer and Corporate Secretary.

These transactions are in the normal course of operations and are measured at the fair value of the services rendered.

Long-term deposits include an amount of \$60,000 (December 31, 2014: \$60,000) paid to Gold Group as a deposit on the shared office and administrative services agreement that became effective July 1, 2012.

Amounts due from related parties consist of \$373,634 (December 31, 2014: \$Nil) advanced to Focus and \$14,304 (December 31, 2014: \$Nil) due from Medgold, companies which have at least one common director with the Company. The amount advanced to Focus was payment towards the purchase of a production royalty completed subsequent to the period end (Note 16). The amount owing from Medgold arose from shared administrative costs. These amounts were unsecured, non-interest bearing and are due on demand.

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities include \$30,423 (December 31, 2014: \$34,297) payable to Gold Group for shared administrative costs.

Key management compensation

Key management personnel are persons responsible for planning, directing and controlling the activities of an entity, and include certain directors and officers. Key management compensation comprises:

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2015	2014
Management fees	\$ 25,500	\$ 25,500
Salaries, benefits and fees	7,333	5,042
	<u>\$ 32,833</u>	<u>\$ 30,542</u>

There were no share-based payments to key management personnel or directors not specified as key management personnel during the periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014.

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13. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

Operating segments are defined as components of an enterprise about which separate financial information is available that is evaluated regularly by the chief operating decision maker, or decision-making group, in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance. All of the Company's operations are within the mining sector relating to precious metals exploration. Due to the geographic and political diversity, the Company's exploration operations are decentralized whereby exploration managers are responsible for business results and regional corporate offices provide support to the exploration programs in addressing local and regional issues. The Company's operations are therefore segmented on a district basis. The Company's assets are located in Canada, USA, Guatemala, Nicaragua, Mexico and Caymans. Details of identifiable assets by geographic segments are as follows:

Period ended March 31, 2015	Canada	USA	Guatemala	Nicaragua	Mexico	Other	Consolidated
Exploration expenditures	\$ -	\$ 4,349	\$ 37,991	\$ 2,071	\$ 82,824	\$ -	\$ 127,235
Exploration and evaluation assets written off	-	32,022	-	-	-	-	32,022
Investment income	16,829	-	-	-	-	-	16,829
Amortization	5,606	-	3,671	-	-	-	9,277
Net income (loss)	556,312	(4,349)	(208,741)	(15,878)	(55,371)	(75,636)	196,337
Capital expenditures*	-	-	-	-	23,821	-	23,821

Period ended March 31, 2014	Canada	Guatemala	Nicaragua	Mexico	Other	Consolidated
Exploration expenditures	\$ -	\$ 35,499	\$ 828	\$ 62,220	\$ -	\$ 98,547
Gain on sale of available-for-sale investments	1,289,708	-	-	-	-	1,289,708
Investment income	3,918	-	-	-	-	3,918
Amortization	6,416	3,540	177	-	-	10,133
Net income (loss)	1,238,678	(138,166)	(5,572)	(83,908)	(19,738)	991,294

*Capital expenditures consists of additions of property and equipment and exploration and evaluation assets

As at March 31, 2015	Canada	Guatemala	Nicaragua	Mexico	Other	Consolidated
Total current assets	\$ 7,692,724	\$ 13,085	\$ 8,449	\$ 31,223	\$ 282,963	\$ 8,028,444
Total non-current assets	647,783	549,045	-	23,821	-	1,220,649
Total assets	\$ 8,340,507	\$ 562,130	\$ 8,449	\$ 55,044	\$ 282,963	\$ 9,249,093
Total liabilities	\$ 148,314	\$ 1,007	\$ 41	\$ 4,676	\$ -	\$ 154,038

As at December 31, 2014	Canada	USA	Guatemala	Nicaragua	Mexico	Other	Consolidated
Total current assets	\$ 7,430,559	\$ -	\$ 12,298	\$ 8,003	\$ 33,908	\$ 266,154	\$ 7,750,922
Total non-current assets	709,801	32,022	552,717	(413)	-	-	1,294,127
Total assets	\$ 8,140,360	\$ 32,022	\$ 565,015	\$ 7,590	\$ 33,908	\$ 266,154	\$ 9,045,049
Total liabilities	\$ 111,963	\$ -	\$ 2,933	\$ 1,208	\$ 5,486	\$ -	\$ 121,590

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14. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company is exposed to the following financial risks:

- Market Risk
- Credit Risk
- Liquidity Risk

In common with all other businesses, the Company is exposed to risks that arise from its use of financial instruments. This note describes the Company's objectives, policies and processes for managing those risks and the methods used to measure them. Further quantitative information in respect of these risks is presented throughout these financial statements.

General Objectives, Policies and Processes

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the determination of the Company's risk management objectives and policies and, whilst retaining ultimate responsibility for them, it has delegated the authority for designing and operating processes that ensure the effective implementation of the objectives and policies to the Company's finance function. The Board of Directors receive periodic reports through which it reviews the effectiveness of the processes put in place and the appropriateness of the objectives and policies it sets.

The overall objective of the Board is to set policies that seek to reduce risk as far as possible without unduly affecting the Company's competitiveness and flexibility. Further details regarding these policies are set out below.

a) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market prices are comprised of three types of risk: foreign currency risk, interest rate risk, and equity price risk.

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company is exposed to fluctuations in foreign currencies through its operations in foreign countries. The Company monitors this exposure, but has no hedge positions. As at March 31, 2015, cash totalling \$119,711 (December 31, 2014: \$97,995) was held in US dollars, \$892 (December 31, 2014: \$680) in Nicaragua Cordoba, \$168 (December 31, 2014: \$99) in Guatemala Quetzal, \$1,692 (December 31, 2014: \$1,254) in Mexican Pesos and \$88 (December 31, 2014: \$84) in Peruvian Sols. Based on the above net exposures at March 31, 2015, a 10% depreciation or appreciation of the above currencies against the Canadian dollar would approximately result in a \$12,000 increase or decrease in the Company's after tax net earnings.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that future cash flows will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates. The Company does not have any borrowings. Interest rate risk is limited to potential decreases on the interest rate offered on cash held with chartered Canadian financial institutions. The Company considers this risk to be limited as it holds no assets or liabilities subject to variable rates of interest.

Equity Price Risk

Equity price risk is the uncertainty associated with the valuation of assets arising from changes in equity markets. The Company's available-for-sale investments are exposed to significant equity price risk due to the potentially volatile and speculative nature of the businesses in which the investments are held. The available-for-sale investments held in B2Gold, Focus, and Southern Silver are monitored by the Board with decisions on sale taken by Management. A 10% decrease in fair value of the shares would approximately result in a \$599,000 decrease in equity.

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14. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT – (cont'd)

b) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of an unexpected loss if a customer or third party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to its cash and cash equivalents, available-for-sale investments and advances and other receivables. The Company limits exposure to credit risk by maintaining its cash and cash equivalents with large financial institutions. The Company does not have cash and cash equivalents or available-for-sale investments that are invested in asset based commercial paper. For advances and other receivables, the Company estimates, on a continuing basis, the probable losses and provides a provision for losses based on the estimated realizable value.

c) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to provide reasonable assurance that it will have sufficient funds to meet liabilities when due. The Company manages its liquidity risk by forecasting cash flows required by operations and anticipated investing and financing activities. At March 31, 2015, the Company had working capital of \$7.9 million (December 31, 2014: \$7.6 million) available to apply against short-term business requirements. All of the Company's financial liabilities have contractual maturities of less than 45 days and are subject to normal trade terms.

Determination of Fair value

Fair values have been determined for measurement and/or disclosure purposes based on the following methods. When applicable, further information about the assumptions made in determining fair values is disclosed in the notes specific to that asset or liability.

Management considers that due to their short-term nature the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities, which include cash, due from related parties, advances and other receivables, deposits, accounts payables and accrued liabilities, and due to related parties are assumed to approximate their fair values.

The fair value investments in associates are detailed in the following table:

	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2015
	Book value	Fair value
Financial assets		
Shares held in Rackla and recorded as investment in associate (Note 8)	\$ 1	\$ 147,996
Shares held in Medgold and recorded as investment in associate (Note 8)	\$ 417,000	\$ 760,000

Fair Value Hierarchy

Financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value are grouped in Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable:

Level 1	Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
Level 2	Inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices); and
Level 3	Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The available-for-sale investments for B2Gold, Focus, and Southern Silver are based on quoted prices and are therefore considered to be Level 1.

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15. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to advance its mineral properties. In order to facilitate the management of its capital requirements, the Company prepares periodic budgets that are updated as necessary. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it to effectively support the acquisition and exploration of mineral properties. The properties in which the Company currently has an interest are in the exploration stage; as such the Company is dependent on external financing to fund its activities. In order to carry out the planned exploration and pay for general administrative costs, the Company will spend its existing working capital and raise additional amounts as needed. The Company will continue to assess new properties and seek to acquire an interest in additional properties if it feels there is sufficient geologic or economic potential and if it has adequate financial resources to do so.

Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable. The Company monitors its cash, available-for-sale investments, common shares, warrants and stock options as capital. There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the period ended March 31, 2015. The Company's investment policy is to hold cash in interest bearing bank accounts, which pay comparable interest rates to highly liquid short-term interest bearing investments with maturities of one year or less and which can be liquidated at any time without penalties. Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries is subject to externally imposed capital requirements and does not have exposure to asset-backed commercial paper or similar products. The Company expects its current capital resources to be sufficient to carry out its planned exploration programs and operating costs for the next twelve months.

16. EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

Subsequent to March 31, 2015, the following events which have not been disclosed elsewhere in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements have occurred:

- In April 2015, the Company purchased from Focus a production royalty equivalent to 2% of Focus's 70% interest in future phosphate production from the Bayovar 12 project located in the Sechura district of northern Peru. The purchase price for the royalty was US\$1,000,000. Focus will have the right for 12 months to buy back one-half of the royalty for US\$1.0 million. Should the Company decide at any time in the future to sell the royalty, Focus will retain a first right of refusal. The Company and Focus have two common directors.
- In April 2015, the Company received approval from its shareholders and the TSX Venture Exchange (the "TSXV") for the change of its business from that of a mineral exploration issuer to an investment issuer. Effective April 30, 2015, the Company's shares commenced trading on the TSXV as a Tier 1 Investment Issuer. There were no changes in the Company's management, board of directors, trading symbol or CUSIP number as a result of the change in business.



(the “Company”)

MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
First Quarter Report – March 31, 2015

General

This Management’s Discussion and Analysis (“MD&A”) supplements, but does not form part of, the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Company for the three months ended March 31, 2015. The following information, prepared as of May 28, 2015, should be read in conjunction with the Company’s unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements for three months ended March 31, 2015 and the related notes contained therein. The Company reports its financial position, results of operations and cash flows in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”). In addition, the following should be read in conjunction with the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2014 and the related MD&A. All amounts are expressed in Canadian dollars unless otherwise indicated. The March 31, 2015 financial statements have not been reviewed by the Company’s auditors.

The Company’s public filings, including its most recent unaudited and audited financial statements can be reviewed on the SEDAR website (www.sedar.com).

Forward Looking Information

This MD&A may contain “forward-looking statements” that reflect the Company’s current expectations and projections about its future results. When used in this MD&A, words such as “will”, “may”, “should”, “estimate”, “intend”, “expect”, “anticipate” and similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements, which, by their very nature, are not guarantees of the Company’s future operational or financial performance.

Forward-looking statements are statements that are not historical facts, and include but are not limited to:

- a) Estimates and their underlying assumptions;
- b) Statements regarding plans, objectives and expectations with respect to the effectiveness of the Company’s business model, future operations, the impact of regulatory initiatives on the Company’s operations, and market opportunities;
- c) General industry and macroeconomic growth rates;
- d) Expectations related to possible joint or strategic ventures; and
- e) Statements regarding future performance.

Forward-looking statements used in this MD&A are subject to various risks, uncertainties and other factors, most of which are difficult to predict and generally beyond the control of the Company. These risks, uncertainties and

other factors may include, but are not limited to fluctuations in the market price of investments, unavailability of financing, failure to identify commercially viable mineral reserves, fluctuations in the market valuation for commodities, difficulties in obtaining required approvals for the development of a mineral project, and other factors.

Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this MD&A or as of the date otherwise specifically indicated herein. Due to risks, uncertainties and other factors, including the risks, uncertainties and other factors identified above and elsewhere in this MD&A, actual events may differ materially from current expectations. The Company disclaims any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise except as required by securities law.

Business of the Company

The Company has been exploring for gold in Latin America for over a decade which has resulted in the discovery of several gold deposits in Central America. Following the sale of its Trebol and El Pavon projects in Nicaragua to B2Gold Corp. (“B2Gold”), the Company has a strong treasury which includes 2.7 million common shares of B2Gold. Management has been conducting an ongoing review of exploration projects and/or distressed junior companies that may be available for acquisition or joint venture with the aim of expanding the geographic and commodity focus of the Company.

Change of Business

In light of the current state of the mineral exploration and mining sectors and given the expertise and skill sets of the directors and officers, management and the Board of the Company determined that more flexibility in the way the Company is allowed to put its capital to work would be in the best interests of its shareholders.

For those reasons, the Company completed effective April 30, 2015 a change of business (the “Change of Business”) from a Tier 2 Mining Issuer to a Tier 1 Investment Issuer in accordance with the rules and policies of the TSX Venture Exchange (“TSXV”). For further details regarding the Change of Business, please see the Company’s Management Proxy Circular dated March 20, 2015 and the Company’s newly adopted Investment Policy on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

There have been no changes in the Company’s management or Board members as a result of the Change of Business. The Company remains involved in the resource sector and is not seeking to become solely a royalty company or investment fund. The Change of Business has simply given the Company more flexibility to apply its working capital to a wider range of projects within the resource sector.

A summary of the Company’s investments, royalties and properties is provided below:

Investments

The Company’s current investments consist of common shares in the following publicly-traded resource companies:

<p><i>B2Gold Corp. (“B2Gold”)</i> 2,700,000 shares - approximately 0.3% of issued Current market value: \$5,697,000</p>	<p>B2Gold is a Vancouver based gold producer with four operating mines (two in Nicaragua, one in the Philippines and one in Namibia) and a strong portfolio of development and exploration assets in Nicaragua, Mali, Burkina Faso and Colombia.</p>
<p><i>Focus Ventures Ltd. (“Focus”)</i> 1,007,406 shares – approximately 1.3% of issued Current market value: \$201,000</p>	<p>Focus is a Canadian-listed exploration company exploring and developing the Bayovar12 sedimentary phosphate resource in northern Peru.</p>
<p><i>Medgold Resources Corp. (“Medgold”)</i> 8,000,000 shares – approximately 17.2% of issued Current market value: \$880,000</p> <p>Plus: warrants to purchase an additional 2,000,000 shares</p>	<p>Medgold is a Mediterranean-focused TSXV listed gold exploration and development company, focussing on the orogenic gold provinces of northwest Iberia.</p>
<p><i>Rackla Metals Inc. (“Rackla”)</i> 9,866,375 shares – approximately 19.5% of issued Current market value: \$148,000</p>	<p>Rackla is a mineral exploration company with rights to over 531 km² of claims in the Yukon Territory.</p>
<p><i>Southern Silver Exploration Corp. (“Southern Silver”)</i> 6,000,000 shares – approximately 13.5% of issued Current market value: \$420,000</p>	<p>Southern Silver is engaged in the acquisition, exploration and development of high-grade precious / base metals properties within North America.</p>

Royalty Interests

Peru – Bayovar 12 Project Royalty

Effective April 15 2015, the Company purchased from Focus a production royalty, equivalent to a 2% net smelter return, on Focus’s 70% interest in future phosphate production from the Bayovar 12 project located in the Sechura district of northern Peru. The purchase price for the royalty was US\$1.0 million. Focus will have the right for 12 months to buy back one-half of the royalty for US\$1.0 million. Should the Company decide at any time in the future to sell the royalty, Focus will retain a first right of refusal. The Company and Focus are related parties.

Guatemala – Tambor Project Royalty

In 2012, the Company sold its interest in its subsidiary, Exploraciones Mineras de Guatemala S.A., which holds the Tambor gold project in Guatemala, to Kappes, Cassidy & Associates (“KCA”), giving KCA a 100% interest in the project. In consideration therefor, KCA agreed to repay approximately US\$400,000 owing to the Company (US\$100,000 paid in 2012 and the balance to be paid once KCA has commenced shipment of gold produced from the property). Also upon commercial production, KCA is required to make quarterly royalty payments to the Company.

Commercial production commenced in late 2014 and accordingly, in January 2015, KCA paid to the Company US\$341,063 as settlement for the outstanding receivable balance. Future quarterly royalty payments will be based on the current price of gold at the time and the number of ounces of gold produced as follows:

<u>Gold Price (US\$)</u>	<u>Per Ounce of Gold</u>
Below \$1,200	\$100
\$1,201 - \$1,300	\$125
\$1,301 - \$1,400	\$150
\$1,401 - \$1,500	\$200
\$1,501 and greater	\$250

up to a maximum of US\$10.0 million. After the US\$10.0 million has been paid and cumulative gold production from the Tambor Project has exceeded 100,000 ounces, the quarterly cash payments will be based on the then price of gold and the number of ounces of gold produced as follows:

<u>Gold Price (US\$)</u>	<u>Per Ounce of Gold</u>
Below \$1,500	\$25
\$1,501 - \$1,750	\$35
\$1,751 - \$2,000	\$40
\$2,001 and greater	\$50

Nicaragua – Contingent Payments / Royalty

In 2012, the Company sold its Trebol and Pavon properties to B2Gold in consideration of 4,815,894 common shares of B2Gold with a fair value at that time of \$16,662,993. In addition, B2Gold agreed to make contingent payments to the Company of US\$10 per ounce of gold on 40% of any proven and probable mineral reserves in excess of 500,000 ounces which may in the future be outlined at Trebol (on a 100% basis). Any future royalty payments from B2Gold will be recorded as revenue at such time they are virtually certain to be received.

Also in 2012, B2Gold and the Company entered into joint venture agreements on a 60% - 40% basis with respect to the Company's San Jose and B2Gold's La Magnolia properties in Nicaragua. In 2013, an agreement was reached whereby the Company would sell to B2Gold its 40% interest in the San Jose and La Magnolia properties in consideration of a 2% NSR royalty on each property, and B2Gold would have the right to purchase one-half of each royalty for US\$1.0 million. The Company and B2Gold have since decided to relinquish the La Magnolia concession. Formal agreements were signed by the companies in October 2014, and the closing of the San Jose sale is anticipated to take place in the second quarter of 2015.

Property Interests / Recent Transactions

Mexico – Margarita Project

In March 2015, the Company acquired an option to earn a 100% interest in the Margarita Silver Project located in the State of Chihuahua, Mexico. The Project consists of two mining exploration licenses comprising a total of 125 hectares located approximately 115 kilometres NW of the historic silver mining city of Parral, Chihuahua, in the Mexican Silver Belt, one of the most productive silver camps in the world.

Mineralization on the Project is hosted in a series of parallel, steeply-dipping, northwest-trending veins, the most important of which, the El Tren-Margarita vein, outcrops prominently as an oxidized ochre-coloured banded quartz-limonite vein. It is exposed over a strike length of 1.7 kilometres within the property boundaries, and is known to strike over 4 kilometres onto adjacent ground.

The El Tren-Margarita vein is a classic banded epithermal quartz vein with an apparent thickness of between 1 and 5 metres. Recent project due diligence work by the Company's geologists included in-chip channel sampling continuously across a five metre in situ exposure of the vein. The sampling assayed 640 ppm Ag over 5.0 metres and include the following results:

Sample #	Type	Length (m)	Ag (ppm)
rmag023	Chip channel	1.0	975
rmag024	Chip channel	1.0	564
rmag025	Chip channel	1.0	995
rmag026	Chip channel	1.0	242
rmag027	Chip channel	1.0	423

The Margarita Project is located in the boundary region of the Sierra Madre Occidental volcanic province and the Mesozoic Chihuahua sedimentary basin. District geology is dominated by a thick sequence of Cenozoic felsic volcanic rocks divided into two units: the Lower and Upper Volcanic Groups. This metallogenic province hosts world-class silver mining camps, including San Julian (Fresnillo plc.), Pitarilla (Silver Standard), Dolores (Pan American Silver), and many others.

The Project concessions are surrounded on all sides by the Los Gatos concession package of Sunshine Silver Mines. The Los Gatos Property consists of a large land package, and includes a series of generally northwest trending veins similar to El Tren-Margarita. Los Gatos hosts a project-wide indicated resource of 5.5 Mt at 186 ppm Ag for a total of 32.9 Moz and an inferred resource of 14.3 Mt at 116 ppm Ag for a total of 53.2 Moz Ag.

Cautionary Language: The Los Gatos resource is quoted from: "(NI) 43-101 Technical Report: Mineral Resources of the Los Gatos Project, Chihuahua, Mexico. Tetra Tech Inc. December 21st, 2012." Radius's Qualified Person has not verified the information regarding the Los Gatos resource. The information on the Los Gatos resource is given to provide the geological context for the Margarita Project, and it is not necessarily indicative of similar mineralization on the Margarita Project.

There is evidence on the Margarita Project of near-continuous artisanal-scale surface and near-surface mining along the entire strike length of the vein, but there is no physical or recorded evidence of diamond drilling or other signs of modern exploration works. The Company considers the exploration potential for a vein-hosted high grade silver deposit to be excellent. The Company has commenced the permitting process for a drill program proposed to be conducted at the Margarita Property in 2015.

The Company has the option to acquire a 100% interest in the Margarita Project by making cash payments to the property owners, two private Mexican corporations, totalling US\$3,000,000 over a period of five years following issuance of a drill permit for the Project. If the option is exercised by the Company, the property owners will be entitled to a 0.5% NSR royalty. The Company may re-purchase the royalty at any time for US\$500,000.

Mexico – Cerro Las Minitas Property

Pursuant to a loan transaction with Southern Silver described below, in March 2015 the Company has acquired a 13.5% interest in Southern Silver which owns the Cerro Las Minitas property located about 70 kilometres to the northeast of the city of Durango in Durango State, Mexico. The property comprises 19 concessions covering approximately 13,700 hectares, and lies within heart of the Faja de Plata (Belt of Silver) of north central Mexico. The belt is one of the most significant silver producing regions in the world.

Management of the Company, after reviewing the past three years' historical drill results provided by Southern Silver, feels that this property has the potential to host a significant silver deposit. In November 2014, the Company advanced \$800,000 to Southern Silver in order to fund Southern Silver's final option payment to acquire the Cerro Las Minitas mineral claims in Mexico. The secured loan granted the Company the exclusive right to conduct an in-depth review of the mineral claims and the exploration data, so that the Company could decide, by March 13, 2015, whether the Company wished to negotiate an agreement to acquire from Southern Silver either a direct or indirect interest in the Cerro Las Minitas claims.

Management of the Company decided to not pursue acquiring such an interest, and elected to convert \$300,000 of the loan into common shares of Southern Silver. Accordingly, on March 19, 2015, the Company acquired 6,000,000 shares of Southern Silver and was repaid the balance of the loan of \$500,000, plus interest, in cash.

Mexico - Tlacolula Property

The Company discovered silver mineralization in 2005 following a regional stream geochemical survey in various areas of the state of Oaxaca. An initial trenching program on the Tlacolula property defined a broad low grade silver/gold anomaly associated with opaline silica, indicating a high level system. In late 2009, the Company optioned the Tlacolula silver project to Fortuna Silver Mines Inc. (TSX-FVI) ("Fortuna") and the option agreement was amended in December 2012 and in November 2014. The 12,642 hectare property is located 14 kilometres east-southeast of the city of Oaxaca and 30 kilometres northeast of Fortuna's 100%-owned San Jose silver-gold mine.

Pursuant to the option agreement as amended, Fortuna has the right until January 2017 to earn a 60% interest in the Tlacolula project by spending US\$2.0 million on exploration, which includes a commitment to drill 1,500 metres within 12 months of issuance of a drill permit for the project. To date, the Company has received US\$200,000 in cash and 34,589 shares of Fortuna., and to complete the option payments, Fortuna must pay to the Company US\$100,000 in cash and US\$100,000 worth of shares in Fortuna within 90 days of completion of the 1,500 metre drill program. Fortuna has not yet received a drill permit. The Company and Fortuna are related parties.

Guatemala - Southeast Guatemala Ag-Au Epithermal Fields

As a result of continued uncertainty surrounding the granting of both exploration and exploitation concessions in Guatemala, and a general increase in the level of anti-mining activism in many parts of the country, the Company ceased its ongoing exploration activities in the country in the third quarter of 2013 though care and maintenance of the properties continue. Management will reassess the Company's plans for this country on a regular basis and exploration activities may be ramped back up if the mining investment climate improves.

Idaho – Blue Hill Gold Property

In July 2014, the Company entered into an agreement whereby Otis Gold Corp. ("Otis") granted to the Company the option to acquire a 70% interest in the Blue Hill Property which consists of 36 federal lode mining claims located on federal land (comprising 295 hectares), and one Idaho State lease (comprising 33 hectares) in southeastern Idaho, 24 kilometres south of the town of Oakley and 4 kilometres north of the Utah border.

The option was exercisable by making cash payments to Otis totaling US\$525,000 and incurring exploration expenditures on the property totaling US\$5.0 million, over a period of four years.

In the fall 2014, the Company, completed five diamond drill holes totalling 1,308 metres. The drill program was designed to test geophysical resistivity anomalies in the Paleozoic basement rocks to the historically known surface mineralization, which is hosted by Cenozoic-aged volcanic rocks. The geophysical resistivity anomalies were interpreted as possibly representing subvertical structural zones that could correspond to feeder systems to the surface mineralization. Drill holes BHC14-01, 02, and 03 were drilled through two separate resistivity anomalies, and did not encounter any structural feature, mineralization, or alteration zone related to a deep feeder system. Drill holes BHC14-04 and 05 tested interpreted structural corridors for near-surface mineralization.

Although the near-surface mineralized intervals intercepted were consistent with historical drilling results in the same area, the drill program did not meet the Company's primary objective of identifying feeder structures. Post-mineral faulting may have offset the near-surface mineralization from its underlying feeders, or the hydrothermal

plumbing system may not have passed through the Paleozoic strata where drill-tested. The Company decided in May 2015 that any further work to follow up on these results was not warranted and therefore relinquished its option on the Blue Hill Property.

Idaho – Mineral Property

The Company had an agreement with prospector, Merrill Palmer, to lease a 100% interest in the Mineral Property which consists of a series of federal mining claims in the historic Mineral Mining District, Washington County, Idaho. The lease of 100% of the Mineral Property was for up to 99 years which the Company could keep in good standing by making annual advance royalty payments to Mr. Palmer of US\$50,000 for the first year and increasing US\$10,000 each subsequent year, for a total of US\$1.1 million over the first ten years. In February 2015, after review of the Company’s first pass geological evaluation of the property, the Company decided to drop the lease.

Qualified Person: David Clark, M.Sc., P.Geo., a member of the Association of Professional Engineers and Geoscientists of British Columbia, is the Company’s Qualified Person as defined by National Instrument 43-101, and has approved the disclosure of the technical information in this MD&A. The technical information regarding the Cerro Las Minitas property was provided to the Company by Southern Silver, and has not been independently verified by the Company.

Quarterly Information

The following table provides information for the eight fiscal quarters ended March 31, 2015:

Quarter ended	Mar. 31, 2015 (\$)	Dec. 31, 2014 (\$)	Sep. 30, 2014 (\$)	June 30, 2014 (\$)	Mar. 31, 2014 (\$)	Dec. 31, 2013 (\$)	Sep. 30, 2013 (\$)	June 30, 2013 (\$)
Exploration expenditures	127,235	524,667	519,535	212,066	98,547	148,152	196,232	371,754
Total investment income	16,829	16,115	11,227	11,985	3,918	5,355	6,285	7,679
Net income (loss)	196,337	(1,005,167)	(1,000,792)	(355,242)	991,294	(699,656)	(547,812)	(6,522,976)
Basic and diluted income (loss) per share	0.00	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.00)	0.01	(0.01)	(0.01)	(0.07)

The quarter ended March 31, 2015 resulted in a net income due to a recovery of a previously written off receivable of \$423,055 and a gain of \$180,000 resulting from the receipt of Southern Silver shares as partial settlement of a loan. The quarter ended March 31, 2014 resulted in a net income due to a gain on sale of available-for-sale investments of \$1,289,708. For the quarter ended June 30, 2013, an impairment charge of \$5,894,147 on available-for-sale investments significantly increased the net loss for that period. The net loss for the quarters ended September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2014 included impairment charges on available-for-sale investments of \$300,000 and \$141,320, respectively.

Results of Operations

Quarter ended March 31, 2015

The net income for the quarter ended March 31, 2015 was \$196,337 compared to \$991,294 for the quarter ended March 31, 2014, a decrease of \$794,957. The current quarter reported a \$423,055 recovery of a previously written off receivable and \$180,000 gain on a loan conversion. The comparative quarter reported a gain of \$1,289,708 from the sale of B2Gold shares during that period. Exploration expenditures in the current quarter totalled \$127,235 compared to \$98,547 in the comparative quarter, an increase of \$28,688. The current quarter recorded a write-off of exploration and evaluation asset costs of \$32,022 whereas no such charge was recorded in

the comparative quarter. The current quarter also recorded a share of post-tax losses of Medgold, an associated company, of \$56,000 whereas there was no such charge in the comparative quarter. Rackla incurred a loss during the current quarter as well but due to the carrying value of the Company's investment in this associate being reduced to \$1 in 2013, the Company no longer picks up its portion of the loss.

General and administrative expenses for the quarter ended March 31, 2015 were \$247,915 compared to \$207,934 for the quarter ended March 31, 2014, an increase of \$39,981. Notable cost increases were \$54,798 in legal and audit fees, \$22,678 in salaries and benefits, \$10,195 in public relations, and \$9,727 in transfer agent and regulatory fees. All of these increases were due to the additional activities associated with the Change of Business that took effect subsequent to the current quarter. For the current quarter, there was a notable cost decrease of \$9,487 in office and miscellaneous costs which was due to a reduction in the Company's portion of office lease costs. Property and investigation costs were also lower compared to the comparative quarter but this was due to more current quarter costs being allocated to general exploration activities in Mexico.

Mineral Properties Expenditures

A summary of the Company's expenditures on its mineral properties during the period ended March 31, 2015 is as follows:

Mexico - A total of \$82,824 was incurred on exploration, property investigation, and miscellaneous administrative costs. The Company also recorded \$23,821 in acquisition costs relating to the first option payment made on the Margarita Project.

Guatemala - A total of \$37,991 was incurred on care and maintenance related costs.

United States - A total of \$4,349 was incurred on exploration related costs.

Nicaragua - A total of \$2,071 was incurred on care and maintenance related costs.

Further details regarding exploration expenditures for the periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 are provided in the schedules at the end of this MD&A.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company's cash increased from approximately \$1.24 million at December 31, 2014 to \$1.5 million at March 31, 2015. As at March 31, 2015, working capital was \$7.9 million compared to \$7.6 million at December 31, 2014. Included in working capital is the value of the Company's investment in B2Gold common shares. As at March 31, 2015, these shares had a fair value of \$5.3 million. The Company is entitled to sell a maximum of 10% of the original number of B2Gold shares within any 30-day period without encumbrance. If the Company wishes to exceed this limitation, there may be a delay of up to 15 days before the selling of the shares can be completed. In 2013, the Company sold 677,500 B2Gold shares for proceeds of \$2.4 million and in 2014, sold an additional 1,057,000 shares for proceeds of \$3.4 million. Subsequent to March 31, 2015, the Company sold a further 126,394 B2Gold shares for proceeds of approximately \$257,000.

In addition to the remaining 2.7 million B2Gold shares, the Company currently holds 1,007,406 common shares of Focus Ventures Ltd. ("Focus") and 6,000,000 common shares of Southern Silver as part of its available-for-sale investments. The 6,000,000 common shares held in Southern Silver were received during the period ended March 31, 2015 as partial settlement of a loan to Southern Silver.

As at March 31, 2015, the carrying amount for all available-for-sale investments was \$6.0 million compared to \$5.6 million as at December 31, 2014. The Company also currently holds 9,866,376 common shares in Rackla and 8,000,000 common shares in Medgold with fair values as at March 31, 2015 of \$147,996 and \$760,000, respectively. However, the investments in Rackla and Medgold are being accounted for as investments in associates, using the equity method, since the Company may be able to exercise significant influence on the

investments. The Company also currently holds 2,000,000 Medgold warrants and although these warrants are transferable, they are not traded on an exchange.

The Company intends to use proceeds from previous and future sales of its equity investments to fund its exploration programs and general working capital requirements.

The Company expects its current capital resources to be sufficient to carry out its planned exploration programs and operating costs for the next twelve months;

Commitment

The Company has entered into operating lease agreements for its office premises. The Company also shares space with other companies related by common directors and officers on a month to month basis, and the amounts such companies contribute to the lease costs are netted against the Company's lease expense. There are, however, no commitments from these companies and thus the amounts presented below are the Company's gross commitments. Expected lease payments due by period as at March 31, 2015 are as follows:

Less than 1 year	\$	226,373
1 – 3 years		416,298
4 – 5 years		381,216
After 5 years		-
Total	\$	1,023,887

Capital Management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to advance its mineral properties. In order to facilitate the management of its capital requirements, the Company prepares periodic budgets that are updated as necessary. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it to effectively support the acquisition and exploration of mineral properties. The properties in which the Company currently has an interest are in the exploration stage; as such the Company is dependent on external financing to fund its activities. In order to carry out the planned exploration and pay for general administrative costs, the Company will spend its existing working capital and raise additional amounts as needed. The Company will continue to assess new properties and seek to acquire an interest in additional properties if it feels there is sufficient geologic or economic potential and if it has adequate financial resources to do so.

Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable. The Company monitors its cash and cash equivalents, available-for-sale investments, common shares, warrants and stock options as capital. There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the period ended March 31, 2015. The Company's investment policy is to hold cash in interest bearing bank accounts, which pay comparable interest rates to highly liquid short-term interest bearing investments with maturities of one year or less and which can be liquidated at any time without penalties. Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries is subject to externally imposed capital requirements and does not have exposure to asset-backed commercial paper or similar products.

Financial Instruments and Risk Management

The Company is exposed to the following financial risks:

- Market Risk
- Credit Risk

- Liquidity Risk

In common with all other businesses, the Company is exposed to risks that arise from its use of financial instruments. This section describes the Company's objectives, policies and processes for managing those risks and the methods used to measure them. Further quantitative information in respect of these risks is presented throughout the accompanying financial statements.

General Objectives, Policies and Processes

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the determination of the Company's risk management objectives and policies and, whilst retaining ultimate responsibility for them, it has delegated the authority for designing and operating processes that ensure the effective implementation of the objectives and policies to the Company's finance function. The Board of Directors receives periodic reports through which it reviews the effectiveness of the processes put in place and the appropriateness of the objectives and policies it sets.

The overall objective of the Board is to set policies that seek to reduce risk as far as possible without unduly affecting the Company's competitiveness and flexibility. Further details regarding these policies are set out below.

a) Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market prices are comprised of three types of risk: foreign currency risk, interest rate risk, and equity price risk.

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company is exposed to fluctuations in foreign currencies through its operations in foreign countries. The Company monitors this exposure, but has no hedge positions. As at March 31, 2015, cash totalling \$119,711 (December 31, 2014: \$97,995) was held in US dollars, \$892 (December 31, 2014: \$680) in Nicaragua Cordoba, \$168 (December 31, 2014: \$99) in Guatemala Quetzal, \$1,692 (December 31, 2014: \$1,254) in Mexican Pesos and \$88 (December 31, 2014: \$84) in Peruvian Sols. Based on the above net exposures at March 31, 2015, a 10% depreciation or appreciation of the above currencies against the Canadian dollar would approximately result in a \$12,000 increase or decrease in the Company's after tax net earnings.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that future cash flows will fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates. The Company does not have any borrowings. Interest rate risk is limited to potential decreases on the interest rate offered on cash held with chartered Canadian financial institutions. The Company considers this risk to be limited as it holds no assets or liabilities subject to variable rates of interest.

Equity Price Risk

Equity price risk is the uncertainty associated with the valuation of assets arising from changes in equity markets. The Company's available-for-sale investments are exposed to significant equity price risk due to the potentially volatile and speculative nature of the businesses in which the investments are held. The available-for-sale investments held in B2Gold, Focus, and Southern Silver are monitored by the Board with decisions on sale taken by Management. A 10% decrease in fair value of the shares would approximately result in a \$599,000 decrease in equity.

b) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of an unexpected loss if a customer or third party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company's credit risk is primarily attributable to its cash and cash equivalents, available-for-sale investments and advances and other receivables. The Company limits exposure to credit risk by maintaining its cash and cash equivalents with large financial institutions. The Company does not have cash and cash equivalents or available-for-sale investments that are invested in asset based commercial paper. For advances and other receivables, the Company estimates, on a continuing basis, the probable losses and provides a provision for losses based on the estimated realizable value.

c) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to provide reasonable assurance that it will have sufficient funds to meet liabilities when due. The Company manages its liquidity risk by forecasting cash flows required by operations and anticipated investing and financing activities. The Company believes that these sources will be sufficient to cover the known requirements at this time.

Determination of Fair value

Fair values have been determined for measurement and/or disclosure purposes based on the following methods. When applicable, further information about the assumptions made in determining fair values is disclosed in the notes specific to that asset or liability.

Management considers that due to their short-term nature the carrying amounts of financial assets and financial liabilities, which include cash, due from related parties, advances and other receivables, deposits, accounts payables and accrued liabilities, and due to related parties are assumed to approximate their fair values.

The fair value investments in associates are detailed in the following table:

	March 31, 2015 Book value	March 31, 2015 Fair value
Financial assets		
Shares held in Rackla and recorded as investment in associate	\$ 1	\$ 147,996
Shares held in Medgold and recorded as investment in associate	\$ 417,000	\$ 760,000

Fair Value Hierarchy

Financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value are grouped in Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable:

- Level 1 Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices); and
- Level 3 Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The available-for-sale investments for B2Gold, Focus, and Southern Silver are based on quoted prices and are therefore considered to be Level 1.

There were no transfers between Levels in the period.

Related Party Transactions

The Company's related parties with transactions during the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013 consist of directors, officers and the following companies with common directors:

Related party	Nature of transactions
Mill Street Services Ltd. ("Mill Street")	Management fees
Gold Group Management Inc. ("Gold Group")	Shared general and administrative expenses
Rackla (Associate)	Shared general and administrative expenses
Fortuna	Shared general and administrative expenses
Focus	Shared general and administrative expenses
Medgold (Associate)	Shared general and administrative expenses

The Company incurred the following expenditures charged by non-key management officers and companies which have common directors with the Company in the periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014:

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2015	2014
Expenses:		
Salaries and benefits	\$ 7,253	\$ 1,360
Mineral property costs:		
Salaries and benefits	-	1,633
	\$ 7,253	\$ 2,993

During the periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014, the Company reimbursed Gold Group, a company controlled by the Chief Executive Officer of the Company, for the following costs:

	Three months ended March 31,	
	2015	2014
General and administrative expenses:		
Office and miscellaneous	\$ 7,919	\$ 8,954
Public relations	774	660
Property investigations	1,587	-
Salaries and benefits	32,979	17,281
Transfer agent and regulatory fees	-	1,500
Travel and accommodation	7,760	6,043
	\$ 51,019	\$ 34,438

Gold Group is reimbursed by the Company for certain shared costs and other business related expenses paid by Gold Group on behalf of the Company. Salary and benefits costs for the periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014 include those for the Chief Financial Officer and Corporate Secretary. These transactions are in the normal course of operations and are measured at the fair value of the services rendered.

Long-term deposits as of March 31, 2015 include an amount of \$60,000 (December 31, 2014: \$60,000) paid to Gold Group as a deposit on the shared office and administrative services agreement that became effective July 1, 2012.

Amounts due from related parties as of March 31, 2015 consist of \$373,634 (December 31, 2014: \$Nil) advanced to Focus and \$14,304 (December 31, 2014: \$Nil) due from Medgold, companies which have at least one common director with the Company. The amount advanced to Focus was payment towards the purchase of a production royalty completed subsequent to the period end. The amount owing from Medgold arose from shared administrative costs. These amounts were unsecured, non-interest bearing and are due on demand.

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities as of March 31, 2015 include \$30,423 (December 31, 2014: \$34,297) payable to Gold Group for shared administrative costs.

Key management compensation

Key management personnel are persons responsible for planning, directing and controlling the activities of an entity, and include certain directors and officers. Key management compensation comprises:

	Three months ended March 31,			
	2015		2014	
Management fees	\$	25,500	\$	25,500
Salaries, benefits and fees		7,333		5,042
	\$	32,833	\$	30,542

There were no share-based payments to key management personnel or directors not specified as key management personnel during the periods ended March 31, 2015 and 2014.

Other Data

Additional information related to the Company is available for viewing at www.sedar.com.

Share Position and Outstanding Options

As at May 28, 2015, the Company's outstanding share position is 86,675,617 common shares and the following incentive stock options are outstanding:

Number of options	<u>STOCK OPTIONS</u>	
	Exercise price	Expiry date
1,570,000	\$0.29	January 7, 2020
100,000	\$0.36	May 25, 2020
820,000	\$0.69	September 23, 2020
150,000	\$0.81	July 26, 2021
2,135,000	\$0.20	December 12, 2022
4,775,000		

Significant Investments Accounted For By the Equity Method

Medgold

As at March 31, 2015, the Company held 8,000,000 common shares of Medgold, representing 19.1% of Medgold's outstanding common shares. On November 4, 2014, the Company acquired 3,000,000 common shares of Medgold by way of exercising 3,000,000 share purchase warrants at a cost of \$330,000, bringing the

Company's total holdings in Medgold to 8,000,000 common shares, representing an increase from 14.4% to 19.1% of Medgold's outstanding common shares. Upon this transaction, Medgold met the definition of an associate and therefore reclassified its holdings in Medgold from an available-for-sale investment to investment in associate and has been equity accounted for in the condensed interim consolidated financial statements. During the period ended March 31, 2015, the Company's total holdings of Medgold decreased from 19.1% to 17.2% as result of an increase in the issued capital of Medgold. As at March 31, 2015, the Company held 2,000,000 share purchase warrants of Medgold to purchase common shares of Medgold. Each Medgold warrant entitles the Company to purchase an additional common share exercisable for two years at a price of \$0.15. The Medgold share purchase warrants are not tradable on an exchange.

The following table shows the continuity of the Company's interest in Medgold for the period from November 4, 2014 to March 31, 2015:

Available-for-sale investment reclassified as investment in associate on November 4, 2014	\$	200,000
Increase in investment		330,000
Less: share of losses in associate		(57,000)
Balance, December 31, 2014		473,000
Less: share of losses in associate		(56,000)
Balance, March 31, 2015	\$	417,000

The financial statement balances of Medgold are as follows:

	March 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Total current assets	\$ 751,820	\$ 543,200
Total assets	1,533,056	1,407,082
Total current liabilities	490,984	561,853
Total liabilities	709,895	766,309
Net loss	324,399	2,048,113

At March 31, 2015, the fair value of the 8,000,000 common shares of Medgold was \$760,000 (December 31, 2014: \$560,000).

Rackla

As at March 31, 2015, the Company held 9,866,376 common shares of Rackla, representing 19.5% of Rackla's outstanding common shares.

Rackla meets the definition of an associate and has been equity accounted for in the condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

The Company's carrying value in Rackla as at March 31, 2015 and December 31, 2014 was a nominal amount of \$1. Since the Company's share of losses in Rackla exceeded its interest during the year ended December 31, 2013, the Company has discontinued recognizing its share of further losses. The cumulative unrecognized share of losses for the associate is \$574,582.

The financial statement balances of Rackla are as follows:

	March 31, 2015	December 31, 2014
Total current assets	\$ 56,190	\$ 59,064
Total assets	205,558	209,044
Total liabilities	139,973	102,550
Net loss	38,659	1,081,000

At March 31, 2015, the fair value of the 9,866,376 common shares of Rackla was \$147,996 (December 31, 2014: \$147,996).

Future Changes in Accounting Policies

The following new standard has been issued by the IASB but is not yet effective:

IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

IFRS 9 is part of the IASB's wider project to replace IAS 39 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement*. IFRS 9 retains but simplifies the mixed measurement model and establishes two primary measurement categories for financial assets: amortized cost and fair value. The basis of classification depends on the entity's business model and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset. In response to delays to the completion of the remaining phases of the project, the IASB issued amendments to IFRS 9 and has indefinitely postponed the adoption of this standard. The amendments also provided relief from the requirement to restate comparative financial statements for the effects of applying IFRS 9. IFRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. The Company is in the process of evaluating the impact of the new standard.

Risks and Uncertainties

Competition

The Company faces competition from other capital providers, all of which compete with it for investment opportunities. These competitors may limit the Company's opportunities to acquire interests in investments that are attractive to the Company. The Company may be required to invest otherwise than in accordance with its Investment Policy and strategy in order to meet its investment objectives. If the Company is required to invest other than in accordance with its Investment Policy and strategy, its ability to achieve its desired rates of return on its investments may be adversely affected.

Inability to dispose of illiquid securities

There is a possibility that the Company will be unable to dispose of illiquid securities held in its portfolio and if the Company is unable to dispose of some or all of its investments at the appropriate time, a return on such investment may not be realized.

Due diligence

The due diligence process undertaken by the Company in connection with investments that it makes or wishes to make may not reveal all relevant facts in connection with an investment. Before making investments, the Company will conduct due diligence investigations that it deems reasonable and appropriate based on the facts and circumstances applicable to each investment. The due diligence investigations that are carried out with respect to any investment opportunity may not reveal or highlight all relevant facts that may be necessary or

helpful in evaluating such investment opportunity. Moreover, such an investigation will not necessarily result in the investment being successful.

Mineral property exploration and mining

The business of mineral deposit exploration and extraction involves a high degree of risk. Few properties that are explored ultimately become producing mines. At present, none of the Company's properties has a known commercial ore deposit. The main operating risks include: securing adequate funding to maintain and advance exploration properties; ensuring ownership of and access to mineral properties by confirmation that option agreements, claims and leases are in good standing; and obtaining permits for drilling and other exploration activities.

If the Company does not satisfactorily complete its contribution requirements to any joint ventures it may be a party to, the Company's interest in a joint venture can be diluted to a point where all interest in the joint venture is forfeited.

Joint venture funding

The Company's strategy includes seeking partners through joint ventures to fund exploration and project development. The main risk of this strategy is that funding partners may not be able to raise sufficient capital in order to satisfy exploration and other expenditure terms in a particular joint venture agreement. As a result, exploration and development of one or more of the Company's property interests may be delayed depending on whether the Company can find another partner or has enough capital resources to fund the exploration and development on its own.

Commodity price

The Company is exposed to commodity price risk. Declines in the market price of gold, base metals and other minerals may adversely affect the Company's ability to raise capital or attract joint venture partners in order to fund its ongoing operations. Commodity price declines could also reduce the amount the Company would receive on the disposition of one of its mineral properties to a third party.

Financing and share price fluctuation

The Company has no source of operating cash flow and has no assurance that additional funding will be available to it when needed for further exploration and development of its projects. Further exploration and development of one or more of the Company's projects may be dependent upon the Company's ability to obtain financing through equity or debt financing or other means. Failure to obtain this financing could result in delay or indefinite postponement of further exploration and development of its projects which could result in the loss of one or more of its properties.

Securities markets have at times in the past experienced a high degree of price and volume volatility, and the market price of securities of many companies, particularly those considered to be exploration stage companies such as the Company, have experienced wide fluctuations in share prices which have not necessarily been related to their operating performance, underlying asset values or prospects. There can be no assurance that these kinds of share price fluctuations will not occur in the future, and if they do occur, how severe the impact may be on the Company's ability to raise additional funds through equity issues or the value of the Company's available-for-sale investments and corresponding effect on the Company's financial position.

Political, regulatory and currency

The Company's mineral property interests are located in emerging nations. Properties in emerging nations may be subject to a higher level of risk compared to developed countries. Operations, the status of mineral property

rights, title to the properties and the recoverability of amounts shown for mineral properties in emerging nations can be affected by changing economic, regulatory and political situations. The Company's equity financings are sourced in Canadian dollars but for the most part it incurs its exploration and care and maintenance expenditures in US dollars, Guatemalan quetzals, Nicaraguan córdobas, and Mexican pesos. At this time there are no currency hedges in place. Therefore a weakening of the Canadian dollar against the US dollar, Guatemalan quetzal, Nicaraguan córdoba, or Mexican peso could have an adverse impact on the amount of exploration conducted.

Insurance

In the course of exploration, development and production of mineral properties, the Company is subject to a number of hazards and risks in general, including adverse environmental conditions, operational accidents, labor disputes, unusual or unexpected geological conditions, changes in the regulatory environment and natural phenomena such as inclement weather conditions, floods, and earthquakes. Such occurrences could result in damage to the Company's properties or facilities and equipment, personal injury or death, environmental damage to properties of the Company or others, delays, monetary losses and possible legal liability.

Although the Company may maintain insurance to protect against certain risks in such amounts as it considers reasonable, its insurance may not cover all the potential risks associated with its operations. The Company may also be unable to maintain insurance to cover these risks at economically feasible premiums or for other reasons. Should such liabilities arise, they could reduce or eliminate future profitability and result in increased costs, have a material adverse effect on the Company's results and a decline in the value of the securities of the Company.

Environmental and social

The activities of the Company are subject to environmental regulations issued and enforced by government agencies. Environmental legislation is evolving in a manner that will require stricter standards and enforcement and involve increased fines and penalties for non-compliance, more stringent environmental assessments of proposed projects, and a heightened degree of responsibility for companies and their officers, directors and employees. There can be no assurance that future changes in environmental regulation, if any, will not adversely affect the Company's operations. Environmental hazards may exist on properties in which the Company holds interests which are unknown to the Company at present. Social risks are fairly significant in some of the Company's areas of operations. Violence, kidnapping, theft and other criminal activities could disrupt supply chains and discourage qualified individuals from being involved with the Company's operations.

Mineral Properties Expenditure Detail (see following pages)

Mineral Properties Expenditure Detail

RADIUS GOLD INC.
INTERIM CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF EXPLORATION EXPENDITURES
For the three months ended March 31, 2015
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	USA		Guatemala		Nicaragua	Mexico	Total
	General	Mineral	General	Mineral	General	General	
	Exploration	Concessions	Exploration	Concessions	Exploration	Exploration	
Camp, food and supplies	\$ -	\$ 2,486	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,486
Environment	-	-	-	801	-	-	801
Exploration administration	-	-	3,017	2,062	230	1,244	6,553
Geochemistry	823	-	772	-	-	3,112	4,707
Geological consulting	525	-	14,192	-	-	36,366	51,083
Legal and accounting	-	-	1,345	-	319	1,525	3,189
Public relations	-	-	-	3,384	-	-	3,384
Rent and utilities	-	-	3,837	-	-	-	3,837
Salaries and wages	-	515	7,123	-	1,522	21,072	30,232
Travel and accommodation	-	-	1,458	-	-	19,505	20,963
	\$ 1,348	\$ 3,001	\$ 31,744	\$ 6,247	\$ 2,071	\$ 82,824	\$ 127,235

RADIUS GOLD INC.
INTERIM CONSOLIDATED SCHEDULE OF EXPLORATION EXPENDITURES
For the three months ended March 31, 2014
(Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

	Guatemala		Nicaragua	Mexico	Total
	General	Mineral	General	General	
	Exploration	Concessions	Exploration	Exploration	
Camp, food and supplies	\$ 1,539	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,539
Environment	-	728	-	-	728
Exploration administration	1,300	149	-	2,022	3,471
Geochemistry	115	-	-	24,283	24,398
Geological consulting	14,506	-	-	23,100	37,606
Legal and accounting	1,182	-	-	-	1,182
Maintenance	710	-	-	-	710
Medical expenses	1,439	-	-	-	1,439
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	3,279	3,279
Public relations	168	-	-	-	168
Rent and utilities	3,205	1,730	-	-	4,935
Salaries and wages	6,308	-	828	-	7,136
Telephone and communications	-	-	-	71	71
Travel and accommodation	2,420	-	-	9,465	11,885
	\$ 32,892	\$ 2,607	\$ 828	\$ 62,220	\$ 98,547